

## **Food and Beverage Application**

For health and safety, a Food and Beverage Application must be submitted by any group that intends to provide food on University property that is not prepared by Chartwells/UAF Catering. Please complete this application fully. Failure to provide all required information may result in delay or rejection of this application.

- It is recommended that food purchases are made **AFTER** approval has been obtained through the Food and Beverage Application process.
- The Food and Beverage Application must be submitted <u>14 calendar days prior to the event</u> to Dining Services and Contract Operations at *uaf-dining@alaska.edu*.
- Additional information and approvals may be required by the Fire Marshal, Risk Management, or other authorities.
- Catering and food services that can be provided by Chartwells/UAF Catering at comparable pricing should be utilized.

SECTION A: EVENT DETAILS		
EVENT NAME:	DATE OF EVENT:	START/END TIME:/_
EVENT LOCATION:	ANTICIP	ATED NUMBER OF PARICIPANTS:
EVENT TYPE: (Check all that apply)		
Open to Public (Includes events adve	rtised with fliers, digital signage, on social	media, radio, tv, and other media)
Private Event (access granted to depart	artment, members or by invitation only)	
Potluck Fundraiser	Banquet/Reception	Expo, Bazaar, Fair, etc.
Food for sale (includes <b>bake sales</b> , tic	ket sales, entry fees, donation requests, e	tc.)
Alcohol Service (Must also complete	e UAF Alcohol Beverage Application)	
NAME OF CLUB/ORGANIZATION/DEPART	MENT:	
NAME OF CAMPUS CONTACT PERSON:		
CONTACT PERSON EMAIL:		PHONE:
SECTION B: FOOD PROVIDER INFORMAT  A quote provided by Chartwells		ization for use of off campus vend
WHERE WILL FOOD BE PURCHASED/DON	ATED FROM?: (List all vendors/donors. A	ttach additional pages if needed.)
Grocery store and prepared by Org	anization/Department/Individual (	Complete Section C)
*Grocery store; commercially pre-p	ackaged items; no preparation necess	sary
*Off-Campus Caterer/Vendor (A qua	te from vendor is required):	
*		

<sup>\*</sup>Continue to Section D

## SECTION C: FOOD PROCEDURES WHAT TYPE OF FOOD PREPERATI

WHAT TYPE OF FOOD F	PREPERATION PROCEDURE	(S) WILL OCCUR?			
Thaw	Cut/Assemble	Cook	Reheat	Cold/Hot Hold	
WHERE WILL FOOD BE	PREPARED?				
Home kitchen	State permitte	ed kitchen	On location		
SECTION D: FOOD TO E	BE PROVIDED				
PLEASE LIST ALL FOOD	AND BEVERAGE ITEMS TO	BE PROVIDED OR A	ATTACH A COPY OF THE	MENU.	
other fundraisers. A Te foods at their event. Di such as department/or	mporary Food Permit may ning Services and Contract	be obtained from Operations will as	the state of Alaska for g ssist you with this proce	e for sale, including bake sa groups that wish to offer the ss, if needed. For private eve ow proper hot/cold holding a	se ents,
SECTION E: APPLICANT	ACKNOWLEDGMENT				
are now or may hereaf		e of Alaska, pertai	ning to the event descr	vs, ordinances and regulatio bed within this application. ited.	
SIGNATURE OF APPLICA	ANT:			DATE:	
		For Official Use	Only		
Approved	Tempora	ry Food Permit	Deni	edCan	celled
Comments					
DSCO Representative S	ignature:			DATF:	

## **Food Preparation Guidelines**

The following highlights some guidelines for safe food preparation. For more detailed information on food safety and the Alaska Food Code please visit the State of Alaska Division of Environmental Health, Food Safety and Sanitation Program at <a href="http://dec.alaska.gov/eh/fss.aspx">http://dec.alaska.gov/eh/fss.aspx</a>

**COLD HOLDING:** In cold foods bacteria can multiply at warmer temperatures. Store and display food at cold temperatures to prevent bacteria from multiplying. Protect raw food from contamination, and Ready-to-Eat (RTE) food from cross contamination.

- Keep the cold holding unit at 41°F or colder
- Place prepared food into the cold holding unit as soon as possible.
- Separate raw from RTE food, and raw food from each other (ex. beef over chicken)
- Throw away PHF that have been warmer than 41° F for 4 hours.
- Throw away RTE food that has been contaminated by raw food.
- Transfer PHF that has not been warmer that 41° F for 4 hours to cooler unit.

**HOT HOLDING:** In hot foods bacteria can multiply at colder temperatures. Stored and display food at hot temperatures to prevent bacteria from multiplying.

- Keep the hot holding unit at 135°F or hotter
- Never use hot-holding equipment to reheat food unless it is built to do so. Most hot-holding equipment does not pass food through the temperature danger zone (42°F to 134°F) quickly enough. Reheat food correctly (see reheating section below) and then move to hot holding.
- Food should not be held in hot food holds for more than 4 hours.

**COOKING:** Harmful bacteria and parasites can cause illness if foods are not cooked to proper temperatures for a specified time.

Food	Final Temperature/Time
Poultry - stuffed meat, seafood, or poultry - stuffing containing meat,	165°F for 15 seconds
seafood or poultry - traditional, wild game meat - casseroles containing	
PHF	
Pork, - game meat – meat –ground or restructured meat or seafood –	155°F for 15 seconds
injected meat	
Other PHF requiring cooking	145°F for 15 seconds
Rare roast pork, beef, veal and lamb	145°F for 4 minutes
Fruits, vegetables, grains and legumes that will be hot held for service	135°F (no minimum time)

**REHEATING:** Bacteria can survive and multiply in foods during reheating, unless the temperature reaches 165°F quickly. Reheat to kill bacteria that could have multiplied when it was held or cooled.

- Reheat rapidly to 165 ° F within 2 hours without interruption.
- Do not reheat more than one time.

FOOD SERVING: Use tools such as tongs, tissues, ladles and gloves. No bare hand contact with foods.